
Subject: Semicolon in Strings within SQL Multi Query String

Posted by [kong](#) on Sun, 26 Oct 2014 19:10:03 GMT

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When calling function `executeQuery($query)`, it passes `$query` to the function `multiQuery($dbname, $tablename, $query)` in `dml.mysql.class.inc`, which uses the semicolon as the delimiter to split up `$query` into sub-queries for execution by MySQL.

However, this will result in incorrect sub-queries when sub-queries contain strings that themselves contain semicolon characters.

To solve this problem, we need to distinguish between semicolons that are part of strings and semicolons that delimit SQL sub-queries. Hence, would like to propose to make below changes in the source code of `multiQuery` function in `dml.mysql.class.inc`.

Change from

```
if (!is_array($query)) {
    // split string into an array of individual queries
    $array = explode(';', $query);
    $query = "";
    foreach ($array as $value) {
        if (!empty($value) AND substr($value, -1, 1) != ';') {
            $query[] = $value.';';
        } // if
    } // foreach
} // if
```

To

```
if (!is_array($query)) {
    // split string into an array of individual queries
    $array = explode(';', $query);
    $query = "";
    $incomplete_query = "";
    foreach ($array as $value) {
        $incomplete_query .= TRIM($value);
        if (substr_count(str_replace("\'", '$incomplete_query'), "")%2) {
            // Odd number single quotes means semicolon was part of a string in one SQL
            sub-query
            // Must add back the semicolon and loop to restore the remainder of SQL sub-query
            $incomplete_query .= ';';
        } // if
        elseif (!empty($incomplete_query)) {
            $query[] = $incomplete_query.';';
            $incomplete_query = "";
        } // elseif
    } // foreach
} // if
```

Have not checked whether this problem existed for the other database engines.

Subject: Re: Semicolon in Strings within SQL Multi Query String
Posted by [kong](#) on Mon, 27 Oct 2014 12:48:05 GMT

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Noticed a bug in my previous solution, which did not take into account spaces followed by semicolon within strings inside sub-queries.

So, here is the updated version.

```
if (!is_array($query)) {  
    // split string into an array of individual queries  
    $array = explode(';', $query);  
    $query = " ";  
    $sub_query = " ";  
    foreach ($array as $value) {  
        $sub_query .= $value;  
        if (substr_count(str_replace("\\" , ", $sub_query), """)%2)  
        {  
            // Odd number single quotes means semicolon was part of a string in one sub-query  
            // Must add back the semicolon and loop to restore the remainder of sub-query  
            $sub_query .= ':';  
        } // if  
        else  
        {  
            $sub_query = trim($sub_query);  
            if (!empty($sub_query)) {  
                $query[] = $sub_query.''; // replace query terminator  
            }  
            $sub_query = " ";  
        } // if  
        // $sub_query is empty again ready for the next $value  
    } // else  
} // foreach  
} // if
```

Subject: Re: Semicolon in Strings within SQL Multi Query String
Posted by [AJM](#) on Mon, 27 Oct 2014 15:25:46 GMT

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I have found a way to do this with a regular expression which I have inserted into 'std.table.class.inc'. This turns the query into an array before it is passed to 'dml.mysql.class.inc'. Try it out to see if it works OK for you.

File Attachments

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- 1) [radicore-fix-2014-10-27.zip](#), downloaded 1157 times
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Subject: Re: Semicolon in Strings within SQL Multi Query String
Posted by [kong](#) on Mon, 27 Oct 2014 22:03:45 GMT

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Tested and looks good so far. Thanks!
