
Subject: Semicolon in Strings within SQL Multi Query StringPosted by [kong](#) on Sun, 26 Oct 2014 19:10:03 GMT[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

When calling function `executeQuery($query)`, it passes `$query` to the function `multiQuery($dbname, $tablename, $query)` in `dml.mysql.class.inc`, which uses the semicolon as the delimiter to split up `$query` into sub-queries for execution by MySQL.

However, this will result in incorrect sub-queries when sub-queries contain strings that themselves contain semicolon characters.

To solve this problem, we need to distinguish between semicolons that are part of strings and semicolons that delimit SQL sub-queries. Hence, would like to propose to make below changes in the source code of `multiQuery` function in `dml.mysql.class.inc`.

Change from

```
if (!is_array($query)) {
    // split string into an array of individual queries
    $array = explode(';', $query);
    $query = "";
    foreach ($array as $value) {
        if (!empty($value) AND substr($value, -1, 1) != ';') {
            $query[] = $value.';'; // replace query terminator
        } // if
    } // foreach
} // if
```

To

```
if (!is_array($query)) {
    // split string into an array of individual queries
    $array = explode(';', $query);
    $query = "";
    $incomplete_query = "";
    foreach ($array as $value) {
        $incomplete_query .= TRIM($value);
        if (substr_count(str_replace("\'", "", $incomplete_query), "'")%2) {
            // Odd number single quotes means semicolon was part of a string in one SQL
```

sub-query

```
        // Must add back the semicolon and loop to restore the remainder of SQL sub-query
        $incomplete_query .= ';';
    } // if
    elseif (!empty($incomplete_query)) {
        $query[] = $incomplete_query.';';
        $incomplete_query = "";
    } // elseif
    } // foreach
} // if
```

Have not checked whether this problem existed for the other database engines.

Subject: Re: Semicolon in Strings within SQL Multi Query String

Posted by [kong](#) on Mon, 27 Oct 2014 12:48:05 GMT

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Noticed a bug in my previous solution, which did not take into account spaces followed by semicolon within strings inside sub-queries.

So, here is the updated version.

```
if (!is_array($query)) {
    // split string into an array of individual queries
    $array = explode(';', $query);
    $query = "";
    $sub_query = "";
    foreach ($array as $value) {
        $sub_query .= $value;
        if (substr_count(str_replace("\'", "", $sub_query), "'")%2)
            {
                // Odd number single quotes means semicolon was part of a string in one sub-query
                // Must add back the semicolon and loop to restore the remainder of sub-query
                $sub_query .= ';';
            } // if
        else
            {
                $sub_query = trim($sub_query);
                if (!empty($sub_query)) {
                    $query[] = $sub_query.';'; // replace query terminator
                } // if
                // $sub_query is empty again ready for the next $value
            } // else
    } // foreach
} // if
```

Subject: Re: Semicolon in Strings within SQL Multi Query String

Posted by [AJM](#) on Mon, 27 Oct 2014 15:25:46 GMT

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I have found a way to do this with a regular expression which I have inserted into 'std.table.class.inc'. This turns the query into an array before it is passed to 'dml.mysql.class.inc'. Try it out to see if it works OK for you.

File Attachments

1) [radicore-fix-2014-10-27.zip](#), downloaded 968 times

Subject: Re: Semicolon in Strings within SQL Multi Query String

Posted by [kong](#) on Mon, 27 Oct 2014 22:03:45 GMT

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Tested and looks good so far. Thanks!
