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Subject: multi2

Posted by [interop](#) on Mon, 09 Apr 2007 20:36:02 GMT

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I've created a multi2 task and it is failing in updateRecord() at line 3176 because \_dml\_ReadBeforeUpdate() is passed the updated where clause not the original where clause.

e.g. I have an employee with a number of phones in a table emp\_phone. I want to change the number for a phone from 555-1234 to 555-5678 and the \_dml\_ReadBeforeUpdate() is passed \$where='employee\_id='10' AND phone\_number='555-5678' and returns the error Could not locate original EMP\_PHONE record for updating (employee\_id='10' AND phone\_number='555-5678')

edit: radicore 1.23.0

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Subject: Re: multi2

Posted by [AJM](#) on Mon, 09 Apr 2007 21:50:32 GMT

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When \_dml\_ReadBeforeUpdate() is called in the updateRecord() method the \$where string is constructed using ONLY the primary key of the current record, and the radicore framework does not allow the updating of primary keys in its default behaviour. If you wish to update a primary key then you can only do so with custom code, in which case you should use the updateSelection() method.

There is a function built into the framework which updates primary keys - take a look at the Task Rename function.

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Subject: Re: multi2

Posted by [interop](#) on Tue, 10 Apr 2007 14:27:44 GMT

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Ok, I've added a separate primary key to the child table (emp\_phone) and all is working fine. Is this an appropriate solution?

Thanks

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Subject: Re: multi2

Posted by [AJM](#) on Tue, 10 Apr 2007 14:37:15 GMT

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I assume you mean a candidate or unique key as a database table can have only one primary key.

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If your design says that a single phone number can only be used by a single employee, then specifying this as a candidate key would work. Because it is separate from the primary key the framework will allow it to be updated at any time, and will automatically check any new value for uniqueness.

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Subject: Re: multi2

Posted by [interop](#) on Wed, 11 Apr 2007 15:04:19 GMT

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In my original design emp\_phone did not have a primary key. My design was Employee(one) --> emp\_phone(many). Employees could have more than one phone (cell, home, work,...). What I did was add a new column "emp\_phone\_id" to emp\_phone (an auto\_increment, primary key) and that seemed to fix my problem.

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Subject: Re: multi2

Posted by [AJM](#) on Wed, 11 Apr 2007 15:59:25 GMT

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Every table in a relational database is supposed to have a primary key. EMP\_PHONE should therefore have a primary key of EMPLOYEE\_ID + PHONE\_ID which will prevent the same PHONE\_ID from being added to the same EMPLOYEE\_ID more than once. This will also allow an EMPLOYEE\_ID to have more than one PHONE\_ID, and allow a PHONE\_ID to be shared by more than one EMPLOYEE\_ID.

When you want to change an employee's phone number using this design what you have to do is DELETE the old one before INSERTING the new one. Some DBMS engines do not allow primary keys to be updated (which is why technical primary keys were invented in the first place), so this is the way to do it. The Radicore framework follows this traditional convention by not allowing any part of a primary key to be updated in its default processing. However, it is possible to update a primary key with custom code as I mentioned in a previous post.

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